# NRA Basic Pistol Training Department Standard Operation Procedures

## **CLASSROOM:**

- 1. Training Officer in Charge:
  - a. Oversees and assists in training activities inside the classroom
  - b. Assists in instructional training
  - c. Assures safe classroom practices, e.g. makes certain that there is no live ammunition in classroom; no handguns brought into classroom other than those authorized for teaching purposes
  - d. Guarantees that all NRA training material is covered
  - e. Sets expectations and provides site orientation
  - f. Emergency Response procedures covered
  - g. Obtains additional personnel needed to assist in training
  - h. Provides for a clean, safe, comfortable environment
  - i. Prior to using firearms in demonstrations, verify empty and flagged
  - j. No live ammunition in classroom; verify that dummy ammunition only is used

## 2. Instructors:

- a. Provide NRA approved training covering various materials
- b. Assist in demonstrations and classroom activities

## LIVE FIRING:

- 1. Set Up:
  - a. General range inspection. Checks out range for safety issues, cleanliness, ventilation
  - b. Appropriate, safe targets. E.g. appropriate backers, height, frames, color coding (if necessary)
  - c. Provides for pistols and ammunition-not to be uncased until appropriate time
  - d. When firearms are ready to be used, confirm empty and flagged

## 2. Personnel:

- a. Range Officer (not necessarily the Training Officer in Charge):
  - i. Responsible for the overall operation of the range before, during and after live firing
  - ii. In charge of the training activity
  - iii. Provides line orientation, reinforces Emergency response procedures
  - iv. Oversees and Calls the line
    - 1. Provides the explanation of commands
    - 2. Calls the commands
    - 3. Calls for the number of rounds to be loaded (loaded into magazines, but not inserted or loaded into cylinder but not to be closed)

- 4. Calls the cease fire-HOWEVER, anyone can call a cease fire
- 5. Utilizes a whistle to signify commence firing
- b. Range Safety Officer (RSO)
  - Responsible for the safe operation of the range to include conducting a safety orientation before each scheduled live-fire exercise
  - ii. Ensures that all personnel comply with the safety regulations and procedures prescribed for the conduct of live-fire exercise
  - iii. Will be responsible for making certain that all guns are unloaded, cylinders open, magazines out and flagged. Single action revolver cylinders rotated to confirm empty.
  - iv. Has no other duties
- c. Instructor Assistants (IA)
  - i. Ideal scenario is one-on-one instruction
  - ii. Ensures that all shooters observe safety regulations, procedures and assists shooters having problems

## 3. Commands

a. Simple, standard fire commands are needed to avoid confusion and misunderstanding during live-fire exercises

## b. Cease fire

- i. When the cease fire command is given, all shooters will stop immediately, keeping their firearm point in a safe direction, finger off the trigger and await further commands
- ii. Anyone may call a cease fire on the range
- c. The following are general commands used on the line and may be altered when necessary:
  - i. **Shooters to the Point**-on hearing this command shooters will go to the firing line to their designated positions
  - ii. **HOT Range**-eye and ear protection required on all shooters, instructors and range personnel. Live ammunition is available to firearms and firing will shortly commence
  - iii. **COLD Range**-all shooters to safe line; line has been verified to confirm that all firearms are empty and flagged; eyes and ears can be removed.
  - iv. **SAFE Range**-Only when the range has been verified as Cold can shooters be instructed to go downrange to retrieve targets
  - v. **Issue "x" rounds of ammunition**-obtain the necessary rounds of ammunition from the box
  - vi. **Load "x" rounds of ammunition**-load magazine but do not insert; load cylinder but do not close
  - vii. Make ready-insert magazine and release slide; close cylinder
  - viii. Ready on the right
  - ix. Ready on the left
  - x. Ready on the firing line
  - xi. Commence firing when you hear the whistle

- xii. Cease fire (see Cease Fire Command under LIVE FIRE.3.b)
- xiii. **Unload and make safe**-remove magazine, slide back, verify empty and flag for semi-automatic; remove ammunition and spent cartridges, hammer down and flag for revolver
- xiv. Stand clear-students will move back 3 feet behind firing line
- xv. Clear on the right
- xvi. Clear on the left
- xvii. Clear on the firing line
- xviii. **RSO walk the line**-the designated Range Safety Officer(s) walks the line and reconfirms that all firearms are safe

## **COURSE OF FIRE** (to be utilized through all live firing exercises):

- 1. There are three planned segments:
  - a. One round, five times
  - b. Five rounds, two times
  - c. Ten rounds, 3 times
- 2. For each segments:
  - a. Blank target used
  - b. Firing
  - c. Cease fire
  - d. Critiqued by either Instructior, IA or RSO (of course, Instructor, IA or RSO may step in at any time to correct unsafe practices or improper handling)
- 3. Progression of Exercises
  - a. Bench Rest
  - b. Standing-two handed
  - c. Standing-one handed
- 4. Other
  - a. This course of fire may be modified as needed
  - b. Firing may continue for allotted time or until allotted ammunition runs out
  - c. Ideally, each student will have an opportunity to fire a revolver and a semi-automatic for the full course of fire by switching to another firing position

## CHAIN COMMAND FOR NRA BASIC PISTOL TRAINING

- 1. Training Offer (oversees all activities including classroom and range)
- 2. Instructor (classroom)
- 3. Range Officer (range)
- 4. Range Safety Officer (RSO)
- 5. Instructor Assistant (IA)